

NICWA 2021 Policy Priorities

Each year the National Indian Child Welfare Association (NICWA) identifies policy priorities that will guide our efforts and focus our resources during the calendar year. These annual priorities are developed through input from our board, staff, and tribal constituents. They reflect our mission, ongoing commitments, and our assessment of opportunities to improve services and resources for American Indian and Alaska Native (AI/AN) children and families. NICWA's 2021 policy priorities include the following:

- Expand and support the network of tribal leaders who advocate on behalf of Al/AN children and families.
 - a) Provide tribal leadership with information on effective child welfare governance, including working in partnership with youth, to support change in tribal communities that improves the well-being of Al/AN children, youth, and families.
 - b) Expand tribal leader engagement and advocacy on NICWA priority policy issues at the federal and state levels.
- Protect the Indian Child Welfare Act (ICWA) and advocate for proper and consistent implementation.
 - a) Reverse the 2020 Adoption and Foster Care Analysis Reporting System Final Rule that removed 85% of the new data elements states were required to report regarding ICWAeligible children and families in state child welfare systems.

- b) Educate federal policymakers, federal and state administrative officials, and state courts on the benefits of ICWA, its relationship to good child welfare practice, and opportunities to strengthen ICWA implementation and protect the law.
- c) Educate core mainstream partners about the steps they can take to participate in efforts to protect ICWA and support effective state implementation.
- d) Advocate for passage of the *Truth and Healing Commission on Indian Boarding School Policy Act to* establish the first examination of the Indian boarding school legacy and provide recommendations on how to help address the trauma and negative effects of the boarding school era in Indian Country.
- 3) Ensure federal and state child welfare policy supports culturally appropriate services for Al/AN children and families and provides tribal nations equitable access to federal resources.
 - a) Advocate for child welfare redesign that addresses inequities in funding for tribal nations and access to program services for Al/AN children and families. Solutions must be based on the political status of Al/AN children and families as citizens of sovereign tribal nations and the trust relationship of the federal government to tribal nations and Al/AN people.
 - b) Advocate for adequate COVID-19 funding for tribes and urban Indian organizations and timely distribution of those funds. Legislative and administrative policy associated with these funds should provide flexibility on how the funds can be expended and address the unique needs in tribal and urban Indian communities.
 - c) Advocate for legislative and administrative policy that allows tribal nations and states to develop and utilize culturally based and culturally adapted prevention and kinship navigator services for Al/AN children and families as provided for under the Family First Prevention Services Act (Division E of Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018—H.R. 1892).
 - d) Advocate for increased funding for tribal nations and a study on promising child abuse prevention practices in Indian Country within the Child Abuse Prevention and Treatment Act reauthorization.
 - e) Advocate for reauthorization of the Indian Child Protection and Family Violence Prevention Act that reauthorizes existing grant programs and increases authorizations to needed levels.

- 4) Advocate for federal funding levels that provide parity with other governments to address the needs of Al/AN children and families in child welfare, children's mental health, and juvenile justice systems, as well as poverty reduction and family support programs.
 - a) Advocate for a tribal set-aside to the Social Services Block Grant to provide tribal nations with regular access to the funds for social service-related purposes.
 - Educate federal policymakers and administration officials on the barriers to tribal and urban
 Indian program access to child welfare and related services.
 - c) Advocate for sufficient federal funding levels so that every tribal nation and urban Indian program can offer the child welfare and related services that are needed within their communities.
 - d) Advocate for appropriate matching fund policies that promote tribal nation participation in federal child and family programs and are aligned with tribal economic realities.